

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE COOK ISLANDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011





PARLIAMENT OF THE COOK ISLANDS

PARLIAMENT PAPER NO. 152

Rarotonga.

Honourable Speaker,

As required under Article 71(2) of the Constitution of the Cook Islands, and pursuant to Section 26(2) of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995-96, I have the honour to present the Audited Financial Statements of the Government of the Cook Islands for the year ended 30 June 2011.

I have the honour to be,

Ma'am

Your obedient servant

Richard Neves
Financial Secretary

22 September 2014

The HON. MARK BROWN, Minister of Finance

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STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

In terms of Section 30 of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995/96, the Minister of Finance and the Financial Secretary are responsible for the preparation of the Crown's financial statements and the judgments made in the process of producing those statements.

It is the responsibility of the Minister of Finance and the Financial Secretary to ensure consistency with the requirements of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995/96 and the integrity of the disclosures.

We have taken steps to satisfy ourselves that the financial statements fairly reflect the financial position, operations and cash flows of the Crown for the year ended 30 June 2011 and are consistent with the requirements of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995/96.

In our opinion, subject to the qualifications included within the Report of the Cook Islands Audit Office, these financial statements fairly reflect the financial position, operations and cash flows of the Crown for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Hon. Mark Brown Minister of Finance

15 September 2014

Richard Neves Financial Secretary

15 September 2014



OVERVIEW

Introduction

These financial statements contain the audited results for the year ended 30 June 2011.

The financial statements use the full consolidation method to incorporate the Crown's financial interest in Public Enterprises and Other Authorities or the State Owned Enterprises (SOEs) on a line by line basis.

As the Appropriation Bill only covers ministries and entities funded by the Crown (and does not cover SOEs), there is not a comparative budget that can be included in these financial statements. However, the budgetary information that we have disclosed in the following pages is prepared on an accrual basis and is consistent to the Statement of Fiscal Responsibility included in the Supplementary Budget of 2010/11.

Financial Performance

The table below contains the audited results for the year ended 30 June 2011 and is compared against the budget and prior year audited actual results. The first column 'Crown' is the fully consolidated Government of the Cook Islands (including SOEs) and the second 'Approp' represents only the Ministries and entities funded through the budget appropriation (excluding SOEs).

The following tables and this commentary should be read in conjunction with the financial statements on pages 13 to 62.

Table 1 Statement of Financial Performance

Budget			Act	ual	
Approp		Crown	Approp	Crown	Approp
2011		2011	2011	2010	2010
\$000		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
	Revenue and Expenses from Crown Funded Activities Revenue		****	****	•••
84.223	Taxation & levies	92,395	90,251	90,827	89,575
5,155	Provision of goods and services	36,287	6,520	36,084	7,344
13,849	Other	10,741	11,839	9,366	11,983
103,227		139,423	108,610	136,277	108,902
	Expenses (by functional classification)	107,.20	100,010	130,277	100,702
12,360	Welfare and Grants	12,305	12,305	12,268	12,267
43,265	Wages, Salaries, and Employee Benefits	52,320	44,480	50,397	43,232
2,950	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	12,042	4,716	10,318	4,647
879	Finance Cost	2,638	905	3,431	831
-	Doubtful Debts	493	220	7,004	6,254
-	Net(Gain)/Loss on Foreign Exchange	(11,176)	-	(6,355)	0,237
-	Audit Fees	232	13	289	_
1,620	Private School Funding	1,620	1,620	1,620	1,620
3,450	Air NZ Subsidy	4,486	4,486	1,912	1,912
37,695	Other Operating Expenses	59,398	31,262	50,630	30,064
102,219		134,358	100,007	131,514	100,827
1,008	Net Surplus from Crown Funded Activities	5,064	8,603	4,763	8,075



Actual Appropriation Compared to Budget Appropriation

A net surplus from Crown funded activities of \$8.6 million at 30 June 2011 showed an increase of \$7.5 million on the 2010/11 budgeted appropriation.

Overall, revenue was \$5.4 million higher than the 2010/11 budget estimates while operating expenditure was lower by \$2.2 million.

Revenue

Taxation and levies revenue was higher than budget by \$6.0 million. This was mainly attributed to the higher than anticipated tax revenues, in particular VAT and income tax.

VAT is a broad based consumption tax levied on all goods and services in the economy and is a fair indication of economic activity. Income tax are the taxes charged on the earnings of companies and individuals. The increase above the estimate budget in both tax types is an indication of increased commercial and economic activity resulting from higher visitor numbers.

The other major increases in revenue were:

- Trading revenue generated by ministries and agencies through the provision of goods and services of \$1.4 million; and
- Other Crown revenues such as fishing licences, motor vehicle registration and numismatic revenue.

Expenses

The decrease of \$2.2 million of actual expenditure to the final appropriation was attributable to the following:

- lower than expected welfare payments of \$0.06 million as a result of fewer recipients particularly old age and destitute benefits. These payments are required under legislation; and
- lower depreciation as a result of lower then estimated asset transfers of completed projects from agencies.



Actual Appropriation Compared to Prior Year Expenditure

Revenue

Total Crown revenue of \$108.6 million was performed consistently to previous year (2010). The slight increase in taxation and levies of \$0.676 million was offset against the slight decrease in revenue earned from the provision of goods and services of \$0.824 million.

Table 2 Expenses by Output Type

			Act	tual	
Approp		Crown	Approp	Crown	Appro
2011		2011	2011	2010	201
\$000		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$00
	Welfare Benefits, Grants and Transfer Payments				•
7.784	Old age benefits	7,760	7,760	7,919	7,91
2,707	Child benefits	2,873	2,873	3,001	3,00
836	Destitute and infirm benefits	764	764	746	74
240	Parliamentary superannuation benefits	246	246	276	27
-	Student Grants	-		154	15
793	Other Grants	662	662	172	17
12,360		12,305	12,305	12,268	12,26
	Personnel	,000	12,000	,00	12,20
43,265	Salaries and wages	52,320	44,480	48,974	42,05
-	Employee superannuation subsidy	-	-	1,423	1,17
43,265		52,320	44,480	50,397	43,23
	Depreciation and Amortisation	02,020	,	30,377	70,20
2,950	Depreciation on Infrastructure Assets	4,923	2,896	5,300	1,92
3,192	Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	7,075	1,776	4,987	2,69
-	Amortisation on Intangible Assets	44	44	31	3
6,142		12,042	4,716	10,318	4,64
	Finance Costs				
879	Interest Expense on Foreign and Domestic Loans	2,638	905	3,431	83
879		2,638	905	3,431	831
20 572	04.0 4.0				
39,573	Other Operating Expenditure	55,053	31,262	55,100	39,849
102,219	Total Expenses by Output Type	134,358	100,007	131,514	100,827

Expenditure on Appropriation funded activities decreased from \$100.8 million to \$100.0 million on the previous year. Transfer payments to beneficiaries, personnel payments, depreciation and finance costs remained relatively constant to the previous year.

The major contributor to the decrease in other operating expenditure of \$8.6 million relates to the decrease in doubtful debts from \$6.3 million in 2009/10 to \$0.2 million in 2010/11. This relates to doubtful debts against tax receivables and has decreased as a result of calculating tax receivables on a subsequent receipt bases. All tax revenue received in the years subsequent to 30 June 2011 has been disclosed as tax receivables at year end.



Financial Position

Table 3 Statement of Financial Position

	Crown 2011	Crown 2010
	\$000	Restated \$000
Assets	3000	3000
Current assets		
Cash and Term deposits	78.633	77,475
Trust accounts	14,597	8,468
Inventory	6,933	4,396
Debtors and receivables	28,230	20,208
Investments	1,351	5,194
Other Assets	-	-
	129,744	115,740
Non-current assets	127,177	110,740
Investments	4,882	4,917
Banking investment portfolio	29,125	23,220
Fixed and infrastructural assets	192,153	197,412
Term Deposits		
	226,159	225,548
Fotal Assets	355,903	341,289
Liabilities	·	,
Current liabilities		
Creditors and payables	18,065	10.000
Employee entitlements	1,501	12,829
Frustee liabilities	15,305	1,520 9,134
Current portion of Banking customer deposits	20,467	22,523
Current portion of Borrowings	3,281	3,120
Customer bonds	677	615
Provision for legal settlement –Current	1,149	1,065
	60,445	50,806
Non-current liabilities	201.12	20,000
Banking customer deposits	3,967	1,193
imployee entitlements	159	88
Members of Parliament pension liability	1,599	1,599
Borrowings	67,717	74,786
rovision for legal settlement-Term	6,381	4,407
	79,823	82,073
Total Liabilities	140,268	132,879
Crown Balance	215,635	208,410

Cash and Term Deposits

Cash and term deposits (excluding trust accounts) increased by \$1.2 million over the previous year, predominately due to an improved operating result. There was positive cash flow from operating activities of \$14.6 million and financing activities of \$5.0 million however this was offset by the net cash outflows from investing activities \$18.5 million. The Crown repaid \$8.5 million to various lenders during the year.

All components of the movements in cash are detailed in the Statement of Cash Flows.



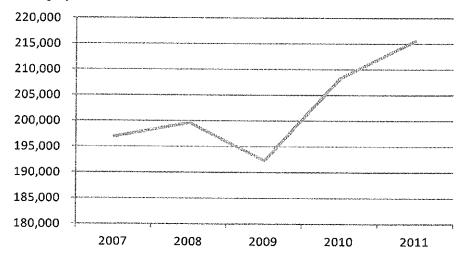
Crown Balance

The Crown equity balance (sometimes referred to as Net Worth) has increased from \$208.4 million to \$215.6 million.

Table 4 Schedule of Crown Equity

	Actual 2006/07	Actual 2007/08	Actual 2008/09	Actual 2009/10 Restated	Actual 2010/11
Property, Plant & Equipment	159,832	158,276	181,432	197,411	192,152
Financial Assets	93,029	104,059	101,716	114,357	123,706
Other Assets	31,121	28,350	29,511	29,520	40,045
Total Assets	283,982	290,685	312,659	341,228	355,903
Borrowings	46,247	48,760	68,127	77.910	70,998
Other Liabilities	40,751	42,194	52,252	54,969	69,270
Total Liabilities	86,998	90,954	120,379	132,879	140,268
Crown Equity	196,984	199,731	192,280	208,409	215,635

Chart 2 Crown Equity Balance Years 2007-2011



Inventory

Inventory balances increased from \$4.4 million to \$6.9 million in 2010/11. This increase is due to the increase in the volumes and value of diesel and fuel that is held for use in the provision of electricity on Rarotonga and the outer islands.

Debtors and Receivables

The debtors and receivables balances increased by \$8 million to \$28.2 million. This was due to a the recognition of tax accruals on a subsequent receipt basis. This was offset with an increase in accounts receivable of \$2.0 million.



Investments

Included in investments are the Crown's small shareholding in the Asia Development Bank and the Pacific Forum Line. Also included in investments are shares in associates which represents the Crown's 40 per cent stake in Telecom Cook Islands Ltd held within Crown's 100 per cent owned subsidiary, Cook Islands Telecommunication Holdings Ltd.

Banking Investment Portfolio

These are in relation to all loans provided by the Bank of the Cook Islands. The loan portfolio primarily comprises of housing, pearl, tourism and business development loans. Interest rates of 9.5% -16.50% (2009: 14.50%-17.50%) are applicable on consumer loans.

Creditors and Payables

The Crown shows an increase in creditors and payables of \$5.3 million from \$12.8 million in 2009/10 to \$18.1 million this year. This was driven by an increase in the trade creditors, accruals and provisions relating to the Ports Authority wharf upgrade.

Employee Entitlements

This relates to provisions for annual leave, sick leave and long service leave bonuses. The sick leave provision relates to periods prior to 1996 and is only paid when the employee retires or leaves the Public Service.

Borrowings

The Crown's borrowings decreased from \$77.9 million (including local domestic borrowings) to \$71.0 million as at 30 June 2011. Overall, debt of \$8.5 million was repaid during the year to various lenders and in addition to this there was a unrealised foreign exchange gain of \$11.2 million. This was offset by draw downs for \$6.5 million of ADB loans and \$6.3 million of Westpac loans for the Airport Authority. These movements are detailed in the Statement of Borrowings pages 36-41.

Members of Parliament Pension Liability

Legislation was passed by Parliament in 2003 to incorporate the Members of Parliament pension scheme into the Cook Islands National Superannuation Fund. This liability follows a three year actuarial valuation period. The 2007 valuation was reviewed by Melville Jessup Weaver Limited, a New Zealand firm of actuaries to \$1.6 million as at 30 June 2010. The next valuation is scheduled for 30 June 2013.

Development Partner Funding

Funds received from various international development partners are treated as trustee liabilities until expended on approved projects, at which stage the funding is included within the Statement of Financial Performance as Crown income. Capital expenditure funded by development partners is accounted for as property, plant and equipment within the Statement of Financial Position with a corresponding increase in the aid revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance. Other expenditure funded by development partners is included within the Statement of Financial Performance.

The financial statement disclosures on page 24 reflect the aid income and expenditure administered by the Aid Management Division (AMD) of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management (MFEM) in addition to those development partner funds managed directly by other Government agencies. There was a surplus of \$2.4 million for 2010/2011.





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Excellence in

AUDIT REPORT

TO THE READERS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COOK ISLANDS GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

We have audited the financial statements on pages 13 to 62. The financial statements provide information about the past financial performance of the Cook Islands Government and its financial position as at 30 June 2011. This information is stated in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 14 to 23.

Responsibilities of the Cook Islands Government

Section 28(2) of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995-96 requires the Cook Islands Government to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP, as approved by the International Federation of Accountants, which fairly present the financial position, borrowings and commitments of the Cook Islands Government as at 30 June 2011, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Auditor's Responsibilities

Section 28(4) of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995-96 requires the Cook Islands Audit Office to audit the financial statements presented by the Cook Islands Government. It is the responsibility of the Cook Islands Audit Office to express an independent opinion on the financial statements and report its opinion to you.

Basis of Opinion

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes assessing:

- the significant estimates and judgments made by the Cook Islands Government in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Cook Islands Government's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards of Auditing (New Zealand). We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements, whether caused by fraud or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with or interests in the Cook Islands Government.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

1. Tax Revenue and Tax Receivable

We were unable to confirm the completeness of tax revenue accruals, and the related receivables reported. Tax revenue and tax receivables have been recognized based on 2011 tax receipts collected in 2011, 2012 and 2013. We were unable to establish total tax revenue for the year ended 2011 that is outstanding but not collected. Total tax revenue and tax receivable is reported at \$89.878m and \$17.590m respectively.

2. Inventory - scope limitation

Due to insufficient financial records and internal controls we were unable to verify the existence, valuation and completeness of inventory to the value of \$1.578m held by two ministries (Ministry of Infrastructure and Planning and Ministry of Health). Total inventory is reported at \$6.933m.

3. Property, Plant and Equipment, Infrastructure assets, Accumulated Depreciation and Depreciation expense – scope limitation

Due to a lack of appropriate internal controls and insufficient financial records, we were unable to confirm, or verify by alternate means, the valuation, existence and completeness of property plant and equipment (including capital work in progress) and infrastructure assets of three Ministries (Ministry of Health, Ministry of Infrastructure and Planning and Ministry of Marine Resources) amounting to \$7.079million.

Furthermore, included in total reported property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets of \$120.154million and \$71.939million are amounts relating to State Owned Enterprises (SOE) of \$93.890million and \$52.961million respectively. This may not be a complete presentation of SOE assets and certain assets have been disclosed at nil value. We have been unable to verify the valuation and completeness of these assets by other means.

Any misstatement of these balances would have a consequential effect on the depreciation expense of \$12.045million charged to the statement of financial performance.

4. Borrowings Disclosure - non compliance with GAAP

Total borrowings are reported at \$70.998million. IPSAS 15 Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation requires for each class of financial asset and liability held by an enterprise, information about the financial asset and liabilities fair value should be disclosed. When it is not practicable within constraints of timeliness or cost to determine the fair value of a financial asset or financial liability with sufficient reliability, that fact should be disclosed together with information about the principal characteristics of the underlying financial instrument that are pertinent to its fair value. Such disclosures have not been made.

5. Lease Commitments – scope limitation

The Cooks Islands Government Property Corporation has not fully disclosed future commitments on its land leases due to incomplete records. This is a departure from *IPSAS 13 Leases*, which requires full disclosure of all current and non current lease commitments.



Accordingly we were unable to confirm the accuracy and completeness of lease commitments.

Except as noted above, we have obtained all the information and explanations that we have required.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the matters noted above, the financial statements of the Cook Islands Government:

- o Comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards; and
- Fairly present in all material respects, the financial position, borrowings and commitments of the Cook Islands Government as at 30 June 2011 and its financial performance and cash flow for the year ended on that date.

Our audit was completed on 15 September 2014 and our qualified opinion is expressed as at that date.

Allen Parker

Director of Audit

Cook Islands Audit Office

Rarotonga, Cook Islands



Schedule of Crown Entities

Reporting Entity as at 30 June 2011

These financial statements are for the Crown as defined in the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management Act 1995/96. This comprises the following entities:

Table 5 Schedule of Crown Entities

Ministries

Agriculture

Cultural Development

Education

Finance and Economic Management Foreign Affairs and Immigration

Health

Human Resource Development

Internal Affairs

Justice

Marine Resources

Infrastructure and Planning

Police

Prime Minister's Office

Public Service Commission

Tourism Corporation

Transport

Tu'anga Taporoporo (Environment)

Island Administrations

Aitutaki

Atiu

Mangaia

Manihiki

Mauke

Mitiaro

Palmerston

Penrhyn

Pukapuka/ Nassau

Rakahanga

Offices of Parliament

Office of Public Expenditure Review Committee

and Audit (PERCA)

Office of the Ombudsman

Crown Law

Parliamentary Services

Corporations and Public Authorities

Airport Authority

Bank of the Cook Islands

Cook Islands Government Property Corporation

Cook Islands Broadcasting Corporation

Cook Islands Investment Corporation

Ports Authority

Te Aponga Uira O Tumu-te-Varovaro

Cook Islands Pearl Authority

Companies

Cook Islands Telecommunication Holdings Limited Cook Islands Telecommunication Assets Limited

The Rarotongan Hotel Company Limited

Cook Islands Property Corporation (NZ) Limited

Banana Court Company Limited

Suwarrow Development Corporation Limited

Pacific Mini Games 2009 Ltd

Other Entities

Prime Minister's Support Office

Deputy Prime Minister's Office

Minister of Culture

Minister of Environment, Natural Heritage and

Infrastructure

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Immigration, Youth &

Sports and Transport

Minister of Justice

Office of the Leader of the Opposition

Head of State

Financial Supervisory Commission

Business Trade Investment Board

Financial Intelligence Unit

Financial Services Development Authority

Aitutaki Power Supply



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

Reporting Entity

These financial statements are for the Government of the Cook Islands (Crown). This consists of:

- Ministers of the Crown;
- Ministries:
- Island Administrations:
- · Offices of Parliament; and
- Public Enterprises and Other Authorities

A schedule of the entities included in these financial statements is detailed on page 13.

The primary objective of the Crown is to provide goods or services for the social benefit of all Cook Islands citizens and permanent residents living in the Cook Islands. The achievement of social responsibility is paramount to the making of a financial return.

Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management (MFEM) Act 1995/96 and the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS).

Measurement Base

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern assumption and the accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period except where stated elsewhere in this Statement of Accounting Policies.

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost method to report results, cash flows and the financial position of the Crown except certain assets are revalued. The financial statements have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting and are presented in New Zealand dollars rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

Reporting Period

The reporting period is the year ended 30 June 2011. These financial statements were authorised for issue on 15 September, 2014.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies, which significantly affect the measurement of financial performance, financial position and cash flows have been applied:



Recent Standards

Of significant relevance to the Crown is the recent development of new standards at the IPSAS Board. These include:

	List of IPSASs Issued	List of IPSASs Issued Effective for periods beginning on or after	
IPSAS 25	Employee Benefits	January 1, 2011	2011-2012
IPSAS 27	Agriculture	April 1, 2011	2011-2012
IPSAS 28	Financial Instruments: Presentation	January 1, 2013	2013-2014
IPSAS 29	Financial Instruments: Recognition & measurement	January 1, 2013	2013-2014
IPSAS 30	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	January 1, 2013	2013-2014
IPSAS 31	Intangibles Assets	April 1, 2011	2011-2012

These new standards have been issued but are not effective for the Crown for the 2010/11 period.

Basis of Consolidation

Ministries, public enterprises and other authorities (including state owned enterprises (SOEs)) comprising the reporting entity are consolidated by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenses on a line by line basis.

The effect of all material inter-entity transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

Commitments and contingent liabilities of public enterprises and other authorities are reported in the Statements of Commitments and of Contingent Liabilities.

Associate

The Crown's associate investment is accounted for in the group financial statements using the equity method. An associate is an entity over which the Crown has significant influence where the entity is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Crown's share of the surplus or deficit after the date of acquisition. When the Crown transacts with an associate, all surplus and deficits related to the Crown are eliminated. Distributions received from an associate reduce the carrying value of the investment in the Crown Financial Statements.



Revenue

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue Levied Through the Crown's Sovereign Power

Payment of tax does not of itself entitle a taxpayer to an equivalent value of services or benefits, such revenue is received through the exercise of the Crown's sovereign power. Revenue arising through taxes is recognised when the taxable event occurs and when the criteria for recognition of revenue is met.

Revenue Type	Revenue Recognition Point
Individual Income Tax	Income tax is earned when individuals earn taxable income.
Company Income Tax	When the corporate community earns taxable income.
Value Added Tax	When taxable sales are made.
Customs levies	When goods liable to duty are assessed, except for Oil Companies which are accounted for when the liability to the Crown is incurred.
Departure Tax	When departure tax coupons are purchased.

Revenue Earned Through Operations

Revenue from sales of goods or services is recognised when the product is sold or the services are provided to the customer.

Interest Income

Interest income is earned on cash or cash equivalent assets. This is recognised in the period in which it is earned.

Fines

Fines are economic benefits or services potentially received by the Crown from an individual or other entity, as determined by a court or other law enforcement body, as consequence of the individual or other entity breaching the requirements of laws and regulations.

Investment Income

Investment income is earned from the leasing or rental of Crown assets to third parties that is neither a Crown entity or a Crown related party. Investment income is recognised in the period in which it is earned.

Gains

Realised gains arising from sale of assets or from the early settlement of a liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period in which the transaction is concluded.



Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the payment has been established.

Aid (Development Partner) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when donor funds are expensed on approved projects and upon receipt of aid donated assets.

Expenses

General

Expenses are recognised when incurred and are reported in the financial period to which they relate.

Welfare Benefits

Welfare benefits are recognised in the period to which the payment of these benefits relates to.

Grants and Subsidies

Where grants and subsidies are discretionary until payment, the expense is recognised when the payment is made. Otherwise, the expense is recognised when the specified criteria have been fulfilled and notice has been given to the Crown.

Losses

Realised losses arising from sales of assets or the early settlement of a liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period in which the transaction is concluded.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into New Zealand dollar (NZD) using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gain and losses arising from these transactions are included in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Any monetary assets and monetary liabilities held at year end are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.



Aid Expenses

Expenses are recognised when incurred on approved projects and are reported in the financial period to which they relate.

Depreciation

Each part of an item of plant, property, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item shall be depreciated separately.

Depreciation of plant, property, and equipment is provided on a straight line basis so as to allocate the cost of assets to their estimated residual value over their estimated useful lives. Typically, the estimated useful lives are:

3-4 years
5 years
4-10 years
5 - 15years
10 - 40 years
25 years
20 years
30 years
15 years
15 - 100 years
10-20 years
15 years
4-5 years
5 years
Term of the lease
15 years

Non-Current Assets

Plant, Property, and Equipment

Plant, property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of purchased plant, property, and equipment is the value of the consideration given to acquire the assets and the value of other directly attributable costs which have been incurred in bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for their intended service.

The cost of assets constructed by the Crown includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project, financing costs that are directly attributable to the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. Costs cease to be capitalised as soon as the asset is ready for productive use and do not include any inefficiency costs.



Disposals

When an item of plant, property and equipment is disposed, the gain or loss (disposal proceeds less carrying value) associated with that item will be recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Additions

The cost of an item of plant, property and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, there will be future economic benefits evident and where these benefits will flow to the Crown and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Work in Progress

Work in Progress is recognised as cost less impairment and is not depreciated.

Infrastructure Assets

Infrastructure assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of purchased infrastructure assets is the value of the consideration given to acquire the assets and the value of other directly attributable costs which have been incurred in bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for their intended service.

The cost of assets constructed by the Crown includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project, financing costs that are directly attributable to the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. Costs cease to be capitalised as soon as the asset is ready for productive use and do not include any inefficiency costs.

Infrastructure assets include: road networks, water networks, power distribution networks, coastal protection systems, harbour and ports structures, waste management and airport assets. When an infrastructure asset is disposed of, the gain or loss (disposal proceeds less carrying value) associated with that item will be recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are software acquisition costs and are recorded at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of purchased intangible assets is the value of the consideration given to acquire the assets and the value of other directly attributable costs which have been incurred in bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for their intended service. Intangible assets might include: databases, software purchased, or software developed.

When an intangible asset is disposed of, the gain or loss (disposal proceeds less carrying value) associated with that item will be recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.



Amortisation of intangible assets is on a straight line basis so as to allocate the cost of assets to their estimated residual value over their estimated useful lives. Typically, the estimated useful lives are:

Software, databases

3 - 5 years

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Receivables and Advances including Debtors and Other Receivables

Receivables and advances are recorded at cost.

After initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. Gains and losses when assets are impaired or derecognised are recognised in the statement of financial performance.

Tax receivables have been calculated on a subsequent receipt bases. All tax revenue received in the years subsequent to 30 June 2011 has been disclosed as tax receivables at year end.

Inventories

Inventories held for distribution or consumption in the provision of services that are not supplied on a commercial basis are measured at cost. Where inventories are acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, the cost is the current replacement cost at the date of acquisition.

Inventories held for use in the production of goods and services on a commercial basis are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Investments

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. That is, investments in associates are initially recognised at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Crown's share of the surplus or deficit of the associate after the day of acquisition.

Banking portfolio investments

Loans are valued at net realisable value after provisions. Applicable security is obtained depending on the size and nature of loans. Non-performing loans are reviewed monthly on a case by case basis.

Provision for doubtful debts

Provision is made for taxation debt where recovery is considered doubtful.



Provision is made for banking portfolio Investments (specific loans) where recovery is considered doubtful or they have become non-performing. There is no general provision against banking portfolio Investments.

All bad debts are written off against specific provisions in the period in which they become classified as irrecoverable.

Aid (Development Partner) Assets

Donor funds are deposited into bank accounts until expensed on approved assets. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or is donated for use by the Crown or other Crown entity, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Liabilities

Borrowings

Borrowing liabilities are accounted for at amortised cost on the Statement of Financial Position. Any changes are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Borrowings or the proportion of borrowings expected to be settled within 12 months of balance date are disclosed as current liabilities in the statement of the financial position. All other borrowings are disclosed as non-current liabilities.

Pension Liabilities

Pension liabilities, in respect of the contributory service of current and past Members of Parliament, are recorded at the latest (30 June 1997) actuarial value of the Crown's liability for pension payments. There are no pension liabilities accruing to the Crown as a result of Government employees' membership of the Government Superannuation Fund (New Zealand).

Employee Entitlements

These include annual leave earned but not yet taken at balance date and long service (bonus) leave. Long service bonus is paid out on the completion of three years continuous service within the Government. The bonus is equivalent to a fortnight pay of the employee and is provided for on a pro-rata basis in the statements of financial position. Annual leave and long service leave are expected to be settled within 12 months of balance date, are classified as current liability. All other employee entitlements are classified as a non-current liability.

Other Liabilities

All other liabilities are recorded at the estimated obligation to pay. No liability for ongoing welfare payments has been recognised because no legal entitlement is considered to exist beyond the end of the current financial year until a new Appropriation Act is passed and is provided for on a pro-rata basis in the statement of financial position. Annual leave and long service leave to be settled within 12 months of the balance date, are classified as current liability. All other employee entitlements are classified as a non-current liability.



Aid Liabilities

Funds received from various donors are treated as liabilities until expensed on approved projects at which stage the funding is included within the Statement of Financial Performance as revenue.

Cash Flow

A cash flow statement identifies the sources of cash inflow, the items on which cash was utilised and the cash balance at the reporting date. Included in the cash flow statement are financing activities which are activities that result in the change of size and composition of the contributed capital and borrowings of the Crown.

Investing activities are the acquisition and disposal of long term assets and other investments.

Operating activities identify how much the Crown received from its actual operations.

Cash flow information allows users to ascertain how the Crown raised the cash it required to fund its activities and the manner in which that cash was utilised.

Leases

Finance leases transfer, to the Crown as lessee, substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset. The obligations under such leases are capitalised at the present value of minimum lease payments. The capitalised values are amortised over the period in which the Crown expects to receive benefits from their use.

Operating leases, where the lessors substantially retain the risks and rewards of ownership, are recognised in a systematic manner over the term of the lease. Operating leases are recognised as an expense in the statement of the financial performance in the periods in which they are incurred.

The cost of leasehold improvements is capitalised and amortised over the lesser of the leasehold improvements useful life or the original lease term.

Commitments

The Statement of Commitments discloses those operating and capital commitments arising from non-cancellable contractual or statutory obligations. Interest commitments on debts and commitments relating to employment contracts are not included.

Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are recorded when a possible obligation has arisen from an event in the past and which the existence will only be confirmed through the occurrence or non-occurrence of future events. Such liabilities will be disclosed if they are deemed to materially affect the reading of the presented financial statements.



Changes in Accounting Policies There have been no changes to the accounting policies. All policies have been applied on a consistent basis with the prior year.



Statement of Financial Performance

As at 30 June 2011

	Note	2011 \$000	2010 \$000
Crown Revenue and Expenses			
REVENUE			
Operating revenue			
Taxation	(1)	89,878	88,088
Fees, fines, penalties, and licenses	(2)	2,517	2,739
Total operating revenue		92,395	90,827
Other Crown revenue			
Investment income	(3)	5,486	4,707
Other Crown income	(4)	5,255	4,659
Total other Crown revenue		10,741	9,366
Provision of goods and services		36,287	36,084
Total Crown revenue		139,423	136,277
EXPENSES			
Personnel and employee benefits	(5)	52,319	50,397
Welfare and grants	(6)	12,305	12,268
Audit Fees		232	289
Impairment of Inventory or Plant, Property, and Equipment		695	370
Net (gain) / loss on foreign exchange		(11,176)	(6,355)
Litigation settlements	/= =\	- 207	-
Provision for legal settlement TOA Changes in provision for doubtful debts	(25)	2,787 493	803 7,004
Depreciation and amortisation	(7)	12,045	10,318
Finance costs	(7) (8)	3,459	3,431
Other expenses	(9)	61,199	52,989
Total Crown-funded operating expenses		134,358	131,514
Total Crown surplus / (deficit) before aid funded activities	3	5,064	4,763
Aid (Davidanment Partner) Funded Astivit	tios		
Aid (Development Partner) Funded Activit Aid (Development Partner) revenue		31,578	18,722
Aid (Development Partner) revenue Aid (Development Partner) expenses	(10) (10)	29,191	16,722
Net surplus from aid funded activities		2,387	2,298
Total Crown surplus / (deficit)		7,452	7,061



Statement of Changes in Net Assets / Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	General Reserves	Revaluation Reserves	Accumulated Surpluses / (Deficits)	Total Net Assets / Equity
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Balance at 30 June, 2010 brought forward	1,958	-	206,452	208,410
Changes in accounting polices/ prior period errors **		-	•	
Restated Balance	1,958	•	206,452	208,410
Changes in net assets / equity for 2011:				
Net surplus / (deficit) for the year		-	7,452	7,452
Total recognised revenue and expense for the year	-	-	7,452	7,452
Transfers to Trust Fund Reserve	-	-	-	-
Revaluation Reserves	-	(226)	-	(226)
Balance as at 30 June, 2011 carried forward	1,958	(226)	213,904	215,635
				Restated
Balance as at 30 June, 2009	1,539	-	190,739	192,278
Changes in accounting polices/ prior period errors **			9,071	9,071
Restated Balance	1,539	-	199,810	201,349
Changes in net assets / equity for 2010:				
Net surplus / (deficit) for the year		<u>-</u>	7,061	7,061
Total recognised revenue and expense for the year	-	•	7,061	7,061
Transfers to Trust Fund Reserve	419	-	(419)	
Balance as at 30 June, 2010 carried forward - Restated	1,958		206,452	208,410

^{**} Prior year adjustments relating to fixed assets were made retrospectively. This took the form of \$6.249 million relating to the Multi-Sports Complex which was double counted in the financial statements of Cook Islands Government Property Corp and Crown Parent; and \$15.319 million relating to consolidation adjustments that were made incorrectly in the financial year 2009/10.



Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2011

Crown Balance		215,635	208,410
Net Assets		215,635	208,410
Total Liabilities		140,268	132,879
		79,823	82,073
Provision for legal settlement TOA-Term	(25)	6,381	4,407
Non-current portion of borrowings		67,717	74,786
Members of Parliament pension liability	(24)	1,599	1,599
Employee entitlements	(21)	159	88
Non-current liabilities Non-current portion of banking customer deposits	(23)	3,967	1,193
		60,445	50,806
Provision for legal settlement TOA-Current	(25)	1,149	1,065
Customer bonds		677	615
Current portion of borrowings		3,281	3,120
Current portion of banking customer deposits	(23)	20,467	22,523
Trustee liabilities	(22)	15,305	9,134
Employee entitlements	(21)	1,501	1,520
Creditors and other payables	(20)	18,065	12,829
Liabilities Current liabilities			
Total Assets		355,903	341,289
		226,159	225,549
Infrastructural assets	(18)	71,939	71,858
Intangible assets	(17)	59	106
Plant, property, and equipment	(16)	120,154	125,448
Banking portfolio investments	(15)	29,125	23,220
Investments in shares and associate	(14)	4,882	4,917
Non-current assets			
Current portion of banking portfolio investments	(15)	1,351 129,744	5,194 115,740
Debtors and other receivables	(13)	28,230	20,208
Inventory	(12)	6,933	4,395
Trust accounts	(11)	14,597	8,468
Term deposits	(11)	59,065	59,455
Cash	(11)	19,568	18,020
Current assets			
Assets			
	Note	\$000	\$000
			Restated



Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	Note	2011	2010 Restated
		\$000	\$000
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Cash was provided from:			
Taxation		83,937	82,439
Compulsory Fees, Fines and Levies		2,517	2,737
Provision of Goods and Services		33,893	33,717
Other Crown activities		4,987	6,749
Interest on advances and bank funds		(135)	-
Net Aid Receipt		2,387	2,298
Income from Associates		1,498	1,148
	•	129,084	129,088
Cash was applied to:			
Produce outputs			
- Social welfare benefits and education grants		12,060	12,169
- Parliamentary superannuation		246	526
- Personnel		52,172	48,755
- Employee superannuation subsidy		-	1,423
- Other supplier payments		55,652	54,141
		120,130	117,013
Realised foreign exchange gain/(loss)		(38)	(30)
Debt servicing		3,451	3,522
-		123,540	120,505
Net Cash Inflows / (Outflows) From Operating Activities		5,544	8,583
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Cash was provided from:			
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		18	21,861
Funds transferred into Reserve Trust Fund		(226)	-
Interest received from investments		4,249	3,013
		4,041	24,874
Cash was applied to:			
Purchase of fixed assets		11,416	39,459
Net increase in trustee accounts		(41)	1,033
Net Increase in Banking Portfolio Investments		2,062	(2,739)
		13,437	37,753
Net Cash Inflows/(Outflows) From Investing Activities		(9,396)	(12,869)



Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	Note	2011	2010
			Restated
		\$000	\$000
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Cash was provided from:			
Drawdown of loans		12,766	18,694
Inflow to client deposit accounts		718	1,694
Customs bonds received	_	62	49
		13,546	20,437
Cash was applied to:			
Loan repayments			
- Locally-sourced debt		6,051	77
- Foreign-sourced debt	_	2,485	2,513
		8,536	2,590
Net Cash Inflows/(Outflows) From Financing Activities	•	5,010	17,847
Net increase in cash held		1,159	13,561
Add opening cash and deposits		77,475	63,914
Closing Cash and Deposits		78,634	77,475
Cash and Deposits Comprise			
Cash	(11)	19,568	18,020
Short term deposits	(11)	59,065	59,455
Closing Cash and Deposits		78,634	77,475



Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Not	e 2011	2010 Restated
	\$000	\$000
Reconciliation of Crown Overall Operating Balance to Cas	sh Flows Fro	m Operations
Crown Overall Operating Balance	7,452	7,061
	7,452	7,061
Add / (less) non cash items		
- Depreciation	12,045	10,318
- Change in Provision for doubtful debts	(8,709)	-
- Impairment on PPE	695	370
- Unrealised Foreign Exchange Movement	(11,176)	(3,164)
- Other	6,994	-
	(152)	7,524
Add / (less) movements in working capital		
- (increase) / decrease in taxes receivable	2,734	1,468
- (increase)/ decrease in accounts receivable	(1,901)	(2,662)
- (increase)/ decrease in dividend receivable	260	(390)
- (increase)/ decrease in interest receivable	(135)	-
- (increase)/ decrease in prepayments	(268)	2,091
- (increase) / decrease in inventory	(2,538)	(369)
- increase / (decrease) in amounts due to employees	(147)	218
- increase/ (decrease) in interest accrued	(9)	(91)
- increase/ (decrease) in tax refund liability	36	(113)
- increase/ (decrease) in customer deposits	-	(427)
- increase / (decrease) in creditors	5,100	1,367
- increase / (decrease) in investments in shares and associates	(34)	(5)
- increase / (decrease) in provision for legal settlement TOA	2,058	(762)
- increase / (decrease) in foreign borrowings	(6,908)	(6,325)
	(1,756)	(6,002)
Net Cash Inflows/(Outflows) from Operating Activities	5,544	8,583



Statement of Comparision of Budget and Actuals

For the year ended 30 June 2011

	2010/11 Budget Original	2010/11 Budget Final	2010/11 Crown Actual
	\$000	\$000	\$000
Operating Revenue			
Taxation Revenue	83,893	84,223	90,251
Other Crown Revenue	6,970	7,576	7,495
Trading Revenue	5,148	5,155	5,064
Interest on Loans to Subsidiaries	134	134	28
Dividends	3,613	3,622	2,672
Interest on Balances	2,050	2,518	3,100
Total Operating Revenue	101,808	103,227	108,610
Operating Expenditure			
Ministry Outputs	64,298	64,095	63,265
Personnel	43,559	43,265	42,078
Operating	17,547	17,638	18,432
Depreciation	3,192	3,192	2,754
Payments on Behalf of the Crown (for Operating Expenses)	28,433	29,654	29,567
Airport Authority	2,048	2.048	2.048
Bank of the Cook Islands	181	181	303
Te Aponga Uira	512	512	181
Debt Servicing Interest	886	879	873
Building Maintenance	1,800	1,800	1,800
Crown Infrastructure Depreciation	2,950	2,950	1,943
Disaster/ Contingency Operating Expenses	100	100	28
Total Operating Expenses	101,208	102,219	100,007
Fiscal Operating Surplus/(Shortfall)	600	1,008	8,603

The budget is approved on a cash basis by functional classification. The approved budget covers the fiscal period 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011 and includes all entities within the general government sector. The general government sector includes all entities identified as government departments (Ministries, Island Administrations, Offices of Parliament and Other Entities) in the Schedule of Crown Entities on page 13.

The original budget was approved by legislative action on 29 July 2010 and a supplementary appropriation was approved on 15 April 2011. The Appropriation Amendment Bill amended the 30 June 2011 budget from \$157 million to \$144 million. A significant change in this appropriation relates to the deferment of the Asian Development Bank Economic Recovery Support Program Loan Tranche 2 of \$9.5 million to 2011/12.



Statement of Comparision of Budget and Actuals (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

The budget and the accounting bases differ. The financial statements for the whole of government are prepared on the accrual basis using a classification based on nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance. The financial statements are consolidated statements that include all controlled entities, including State Owned Enterprises for the fiscal period 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011. The financial statements differ from the budget which deals only with the general government sector which excludes State Owned Enterprises and certain other non-market government entities. The funding to State Owned Enterprises in the budget relates to Government's social contribution to these entities.

The comparison of budget to actual on page 32 relates to those entities that are listed on Schedule 1(a) and 1(b) of the supplementary budget issued on 15 April 2011. The actual expenditure/ trading revenue of those entities have been taken from the audited financial statements of those respective entities at 30 June 2011.



Statement of Comparision of Budget and Actuals (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

	2010/11	2010/11	2010/11	2010/11
	Net Appropriation	Net Appropriation	Net Expenditure	Trading Revenue
	Budget Orginal	Budget Final	Actual	Actual
		_		
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Agriculture	967	973	963	85
Audit (PERCA)	998	998	1,067	9
Crown Law	645	638	626	0
Cultural Development	1,075	1,070	869	133
Business Trade Investment Board	707	688	731	-
Education	10,119	10,129	10,032	40
Environment (Tu'anga Taporoporo)	1,036	1,036	1,018	12
Finance and Economic Management	3,047	3,047	3,220	611
Financial Intelligent Unit	318	318	321	-
Financial Services Development Authority	443	428	465	-
Foreign Affairs and Immigration	1,583	1,583	1,580	2
Head of State	215	215	197	_
Health	11,020	10,867	10,946	452
Human Resource Development	381	378	350	•
Internal Affairs	1,253	1,253	1,185	8
Justice	1,778	1,774	1,782	420
Marine Resources	1,437	1,413	1,377	30
Ombudsman	247	244	232	-
Parliamentary Services Pearl Authority	554 480	542 472	559 553	7
·				-
Police Prime Ministers Office	3,941	3,941	3,792	83
Public Service Commission	1,026	999	965	-
Fransport	452 444	447 438	443	-
Tourism Corporation			440	-
Infrastructure and Planning	4,592 2,880	4,492 2,880	4,695 2,724	184
Aitutaki	1,584	1,584	1,511	184
Aitutaki Power Supply	2,075	2,075	2,100	1,895
Atiu	1,186	1,186	1,138	247
Mangaia	1,497	1,497	1,370	302
Manihiki	822	822	937	154
Mauke	921	921	834	143
Mitiaro	595	595	591	64
Palmerston	328	328	321	22
Penrhyn	626	626	548	65
Pukapuka-Nassau	918	918	777	49
Rakahanga	486	486	424	35
Prime Minister's Support Office	335	396	354	-
Deputy Prime Minister's Office	310	319	194	-
Minister 1	195	204	232	•
Minister 2	195	208	194	-
Minister 3	195	222	219	-
Minister 4 Office of the Leader of the Opposition	195 195	218 229	166 221	-
Appropriation	Z1 000	(1005	70 m.c.	5011
Appropriation	64,298	64,095	63,265	5,064



Statement of Segments As at 30 June 2011

	Crown Parent		Crown 1	Entities	Stated Owned Enterprises		Inter-Segment Eliminations		Total Government	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Revenue										
Taxation revenue	90,251	89,717	-	-	-	-	(373)	(1,629)	89,879	88,088
Revenue from Crown funding	-	-	61,314	60,517	4,119	6,096	(65,433)	(66,613)	•	-
Sales of goods and services	10	397	6,527	6,977	31,079	29,978	(1,330)	(1,268)	36,288	36,084
Interest revenue and dividends	5,800	4,577	63	58	1,130	923	(2,745)	(2,393)	4,249	3,165
Other revenue	29,862	20,432	7,974	6,317	3,851	3,444	(1,099)	(2,530)	40,586	27,662
Total Revenue	125,923	115,123	75,878	73,869	40,179	40,441	(70,979)	(74,433)	171,001	154,999
Frances										
Expenses Transfer payments and subsidies	65,232	65,691	_	_			(65,232)	(65 401)	-	
Personnel expenses	19	56	44,460	43,175	7 0 4 0	7,166	, , ,	(65,691)		£0.207
Welfare and grants	12,314	12,268	,	•	7,840	7,100	-	-	52,320	50,397
Interest expenses	905	831	25	-	1,806	1,730	(72)	(65)	12,314	12,268
Depreciation expenses	1,943	1,939		2.700	=	-	(73)	(65)	2,663	2,496
Other operating expenses		-	2,773	2,709	7,326	5,670	(()(5)	(0.004)	12,042	10,318
Other operating expenses	42,963	32,455	26,001	25,282	21,510	23,656	(6,265)	(8,934)	84,210	72,459
Total Expenses	123,376	113,240	73,260	71,166	38,483	38,222	(71,570)	(74,690)	163,550	147,938
Operating Balance	2,547	1,883	2,618	2,703	1,696	2,219	592	257	7,452	7,061
Assets.										
Cash and equivalents	62,781	59,355	11,100	9,730	29,313	26,600	(9,963)	(9,742)	93,231	85,943
Debtors and other receivables	24,449	17,571	2,974	2,383	4,989	4,651	(4,182)	(4,397)	28,230	20,208
Property, plant and equipment	15,310	46,878	23,740	24,090	147,538	142,015	5,564	(15,572)	192,152	197,412
Other assets	29,624	16,340	20,412	16,035	45,689	43,382	(53,435)	(38,031)	42,291	37,726
Total Assets	132,163	140,144	58,226	52,238	227,529	216,648	(62,015)	(67,742)	355,903	341,289
Y to butter.										
<u>Liabilities</u>	(300	5.0/2	(05)	1 100	0.00-	2.200	(4.040)	40.45		44.04.
Creditors and other payables	6,209	5,962	6,256	4,439	9,982	3,389	(1,919)	(961)	20,529	12,829
Borrowngs	64,685	71,833	-	-	9,812	7,343	(3,500)	(1,270)	70,998	77,906
Banking customer deposits			-	-	28,932	28,669	(4,499)	(4,953)	24,434	23,716
Other liabilities	37,507	25,596	29,356	25,920	16,984	18,282	(59,539)	(51,370)	24,308	18,428
Total Liabilities	108,401	103,391	35,612	30,359	65,712	57,683	(69,456)	(58,554)	140,268	132,879
Net Worth	23,762	36,753	22,614	21,879	161,817	158,965	7,441	(9,188)	215,635	208,410
	,				CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O	1001700	,,,,,	(/1100)	- K 1/9 1/ 1/ 1/	2001110



Statement of Commitments

As at 30 June 2011

	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000
Ву Туре		
Lease commitments (excluding CIG Property Corporation)	1,287	1,389
Undisbursed bank loan facilities (Bank of the Cook Islands)	1,396	700
Capital Expenditure-Crown Parent	-	721
Capital Expenditure	22,200	9,996
Total Quantifiable Commitments	24,883	12,806
Lease Commitments by Term		
One year or less	57	57
From one to two years	55	57
From two to five years	165	171
Over five years	23,210	10,693
Total Lease Commitments (excluding CIG Property Corporation)	23,487	10,978

Lease Commitments

The Crown has commitments relating to land leases held by the Cook Islands Government Property Corporation. These as long term, usually for a 20-30 year period with perpetual renewal rights. Due to the incomplete nature of the Corporation's records on its leases it was not possible to calculate the future commitments in numerical terms.

Undisbursed Bank Loan Facilities

Bank of the Cook Islands (BCI) has committed to lending a number of loans in the future that has not yet been drawn down. As at 30 June 2011, these undrawn loans totaled \$1,395,584 (2010: \$1,506,526).

Capital and Operating Expenditure

On 25 February 2011 the Ports Authority signed a contract with McConnell Dowell Construction Ltd for the construction part of the project. The cost is estimated to be about \$22.2 million and will be funded through the Asian Development Bank Loans.

There was no funds committed for future capital expenditure as at 30 June 2011 (2010: \$0)

There are no other financial or contractual commitments at balance date (2010: \$0)



Statement of Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2011

Total Quantifiable Contingent Liabilities	17,421	17,793
Legal proceedings	15,985	16,078
Uncalled Capital - Asian Development Bank	1,436	1,715
	\$000	\$000
	2011	2010

Uncalled Capital

Asian Development Bank – Cook Islands Property Corporation owns 88 uncalled shares with a par value of US\$13,500 each. Using the USD rate of 0.8275, this equates to \$1,435,650 in NZD (2010: \$1,714,503 at 0.6929).

Legal Proceedings

A \$14,500,000 claim has been lodged against Crown relating to its shipping policies.

A \$270,000 claim has been lodged in regards to negligence against Ministry of Infrastructure and Planning and the keeping of records up to date.

A \$105,000 claim is lodged in regards to a failure of ensuring work conditions are adequate in protecting employees.

A \$134,149 claim has been lodged in relation to medical negligence against the Ministry of Health.

A \$976,250 claim has been lodged against the Ministry of Police for human rights.



Statement of Borrowings

As at 30 June 2011

	Note	2011	2010
		\$000	\$000
External Debt			
Asian Development Bank		45,587	49,603
Caisse Française de Developpement		4,740	5,402
NZ Government Superannuation Fund		1,783	2,548
Export - Import Bank of China		12,575	14,280
Total External Debt		64,685	71,833
Local Debt			
Westpac Banking Corporation		6,313	6,073
Total Local Debt		6,313	6,073
Total Borrowings		70,998	77,906

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



As at 30 June 2011

The terms of the component loans of external debts are:	2011 \$000	2010 \$000
Asian Development Bank		
Economic restructuring loan (1996) - 1466	5,511	6,215
First multi project loan (1980) - 461	970	1,182
Second multi project loan (1987) - 849	2,549	2,981
First Cook Islands Development Bank project loan (1982) - 567	823	990
Second Cook Islands Development Bank loan (1992) - 1155	1,415	1,599
Third Cook Islands Development Bank loan (1996) - 1380	2,498	2,817
Outer Islands telecommunications project loan (1990) - 1031	5,758	6,595
Education development (1994) - 1317	3,024	3,411
Waste Management loan (2001 - 2005) - 1832	2,801	3,229
Cyclone Rehabilitation Project loan (1997) - 1588	922	1,038
Cyclone Emergency Assisstance loan (2006) - 2174	3,427	3,779
TCI Emergency Loan (1992) - 1171	479	541
Pearl Loan (1994) ~ 1309	496	560
(SF) Avatiu Ports Development Loan (2009) - 2473	1,587	218
(OCF) Avatiu Ports Development Project Loan (2009) - 2472	1,243	16
(SF) Economic Recovery Support Program Loan (2010) - 2565	12,085	14,432
	45,587	49,603
 Repayable over 40 years from date of initial drawdown (year of initial drawdown b All loans have an interest rate of 1% Loans totalling \$17.5 million up to and including 1992 are secured by New Zealand this date are unsecured 		ssued after

Caisse Française de Developement		
Northern Group Solarisation Project Loan (1999)	481	548
Rarotonga Water Supply & Electrification Loan (1999)	4,259	4,854
	4,740	5,402
Repayable over 12 years from date of initial drawdown		
All Loans have an interest rate of 0.75% and 1.75% respectively		

Export - Import Bank of China Indoor Sports Stadium Project, Repairs and Upgrade of Existing Sports Facilities,	12,575	14,280
	12,575	14,280
Repayable over 20 years from date of initial drawdown		
Loans have an interest rate of 2%, Management Fee of 1% and a Commitment Fee of 0.759	6	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statement



As at 30 June 2011

2011

2010 Restated

\$000

\$000

The terms of the component loans of external debts are:

NZ Government Superannuation Fund

- Repayable over 15 years from 1998

1,783 2,548

- Interest rate of 3%
- Unsecured

Westpac Banking Corporation Loans

6,313

6,073

The term portion of the bank loans relate to the Airport Authority's bank loans which have a 10 year term and a variable interest rate applicable at 10.65% per annum (2010: 10.65%) per annum. The loans are secured by debenture over the Authority's assets and by way of mortgage over it's land leases and income.

Registered charge

The Westpac bank holds a registered charge of \$268,946 and bill of sale over the equipment purchased by the Crown, namely the Sand Pump and Barge.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



As at 30 June 2011

Maturity Profile as at 30 June 2011							
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16 - 2019/20	2020/21 and after	Total boo valu
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
External Debt							
Asian Development Bank	1,058	1,591	2,094	2,133	12,906	25,805	45,587
Caisse Française de Developpement	915	915	915	915	1,080	· -	4,740
NZ Government Superannuation Fund	854	929	-	-	· -	-	1,783
EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan		-	-	544	2,719	9,312	12,575
Total External Debt	2,827	3,435	3,009	3,592	16,705	35,117	64,68
Local Debt							
ANZ Banking Group Limited	454	481	585	2,341	2,452	_	6,313
Total Local Debt	454	481	585	2,341	5,279		6,313
Total Borrowings	3,281	3,916	3,594	5,933	21,984	35,087	70,998
Maturity Profile as at 30 June 2010							
Maturity Profile as at 30 June 2010	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15 - 2018/19	2019/20 and after	
•	2010/11	2011/12 \$000	2012/13 \$000	2013/14			Total boo valu \$000
External Debt Asian Development Bank					2018/19	and after	valu
External Debt	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	2018/19 \$000	and after \$000	valu \$000 49,603
External Debt Asian Development Bank	\$000 1,120	\$000 1,221	\$000 1,855	\$000 2,457	2018/19 \$000	and after \$000 29,099	valu \$000 49,603 5,402
External Debt Asian Development Bank Caisse Francaise de Developpement NZ Government Superannuation Fund EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan	\$000 1,120 915	\$000 1,221 915	\$000 1,855 915	\$000 2,457 915	2018/19 \$000	and after \$000 29,099	val. \$000 49,603 5,402 2,548
External Debt Asian Development Bank Caisse Francaise de Developpement NZ Government Superannuation Fund EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan	\$000 1,120 915	\$000 1,221 915	\$000 1,855 915	\$000 2,457 915	2018/19 \$000 13,851 1,742	and after \$000 29,099	val. \$000 49,60 <u>3</u> 5,402 2,548 14,280
External Debt Asian Development Bank Caisse Francaise de Developpement NZ Government Superannuation Fund EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan Total External Debt Local Debt	\$000 1,120 915 765	\$000 1,221 915 854	\$000 1,855 915 929	\$000 2,457 915 -	2018/19 \$000 13,851 1,742 - 5,400	and after \$000 29,099 - - 8,880	valu \$000
External Debt Asian Development Bank Caisse Francaise de Developpement NZ Government Superannuation Fund EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan Total External Debt	\$000 1,120 915 765	\$000 1,221 915 854	\$000 1,855 915 929	\$000 2,457 915 -	2018/19 \$000 13,851 1,742 - 5,400	and after \$000 29,099 - - 8,880	val. \$000 49,60 <u>3</u> 5,402 2,548 14,280

4,137

4,384

24,957

37,979

77,906

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

3,120

3,328



As at 30 June 2011

Movements during the year ended 30 June 2011

	As at 1 July 2010	Increases / additions	Decreases / repayments	Currency realignment	Other movements	As at 30 June 2011
External Debt	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Asian Development Bank	49,603	6,475	(1,049)	(9,441)		45,588
Caisse Française de Developpement	5,402	-	(671)	9	-	4,740
NZ Government Superannuation Fund	2,548	-	(765)	_	_	1,783
EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan	14,280	-	· •	(1,705)	-	12,575
Total External Debt	71,833	6,475	(2,485)	(11,137)		64,686
Local Debt						
ANZ Banking Group Limited	6,073	6,291	(6,051)	-	-	6,313
Total Local Debt	6,073	6,291	(6,051)		-	6,313
Total Borrowings	77,906	12,766	(8,536)	(11,137)		70,998

Movements during the year ended 30 June 2010

	As at 1 July 2009	Increases / additions	Decreases / repayments	Currency realignment	Other movements	As at 30 June 2010
External Debt	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Asian Development Bank	40,591	14,334	(1,113)	(4,209)	_	49,603
Caisse Française de Developpement	7,402		(694)	(1,306)		5,402
NZ Government Superannuation Fund	3,254	-	(706)	-	_	2,548
EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan	15,090	_	•	(810)		14,280
Total External Debt	66,337	14,334	(2,513)	(6,325)	-	71,833
Local Debt						
Westpac Banking Corporation	1,790	4,360	(77)	-	-	6,073
Total Local Debt	1,790	4,360	(77)	-	-	6,073
Total Borrowings	68,127	18,694	(2,590)	(6,325)	-	77,906

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



As at 30 June 2011

Currency Analysis as at 30 June 2011

Currency in which loan denominated/repayable

	United States dollars	Euros	New Zealand dollars	Chinese Yuan	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
External Debt					
Asian Development Bank	45,587	-	-	-	45,587
Caisse Française de Development	-	4,740	-	-	4,740
NZ Government Superannuation Fund	_	-	1,783	-	1,783
EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan	-	_	-	12,575	12,575
Total External Debt	45,557	4,740	1,783	12,575	64,685
Local Debt					
ANZ Banking Group Limited	-	-	6,313	-	6,313
Total Local Debt	-	4-	6,313	_	6,313
Total Borrowings	45,557	4,740	8,096	12,575	70,998

Currency Analysis as at 30 June 2010

Currency in which loan denominated/repayable

	United States dollars	Euros	New Zealand dollars	Chinese Yuan	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
External Debt					
Asian Development Bank	49,603	-	-	-	49,603
Caisse Française de Development	-	5,402	-	-	5,402
NZ Government Superannuation Fund	_	-	2,548	-	2,548
EXIM Bank China Concessional Loan	-	-	_	14,280	14,280
Total External Debt	49,603	5,402	2,548	14,280	71,833
Local Debt					
Westpac Banking Corporation	-	-	6,073	-	6,073
Total Local Debt	-	-	6,073	-	6,073
Total Borrowings	49,603	5,402	8,621	14,280	77,906

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



Notes to the Financial Statements

As at 30 June 2011

	2011 \$000	2010 \$000
	2000	\$00
Note 1: Taxation		
Direct Taxation		
Individual income tax	26,361	25,230
Company income tax	9,181	10,077
Total Direct Taxation	35,542	35,307
Indirect Taxation		
Value added tax	37,381	37,326
Customs levies	11,052	10,037
Departure tax	5,903	5,418
Total Indirect Taxation	54,336	52,781
Total Taxation	89,878	88,088
Road transport licensing	1,430	1,575
Note 2: Fees, Fines, Penalties, and Lice Registration fees		
-	1,024 1,430	1,073 1,575
Court fines	27	44
Other fees, fines and levies	37	47
Total Compulsory Fees, Fines and Levies	2,517	2,739
Note 3: Investment Income		
Interest on advances to Associate		
Interest on advances to Associate Interest on bank deposits	- 4 249	- 2 164
Interest on bank deposits	- 4,249 1 238	- 3,164 1 543
	- 4,249 1,238	3,164 1,543
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14)		1,543
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14) Total Investment Income	1,238	1,543
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14) Total Investment Income Note 4: Other Crown Income Currency and numismatic revenue	1,238	1,543 4,707
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14) Total Investment Income Note 4: Other Crown Income Currency and numismatic revenue Fisheries licenses	1,238 5,486 457 3,528	1,543 4,707
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14) Total Investment Income Note 4: Other Crown Income Currency and numismatic revenue Fisheries licenses Tattslotto Income	1,238 5,486 457 3,528 182	1,543 4,707 515 2,844 161
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14) Total Investment Income Note 4: Other Crown Income Currency and numismatic revenue Fisheries licenses Tattslotto Income Net Gain on disposal of assets	1,238 5,486 457 3,528 182 (27)	1,543 4,707 515 2,844 161 (363)
Interest on bank deposits Equity accounted earnings of Associate (see Note 14) Total Investment Income Note 4: Other Crown Income Currency and numismatic revenue Fisheries licenses Tattslotto Income	1,238 5,486 457 3,528 182	1,543 4,707 515 2,844 161



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)	
As at 30 June 2011	

	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000
Note 5: Personnel Expenses		
Wages and salaries	52,319	48,974
Employee superannuation subsidy	-	1,423
Total Personnel Expenses	52,319	50,397
Note 6: Welfare and Grants		
Old age benefits	7,854	7,919
Child benefits	2,908	3,001
Destitute and infirm benefits	774	746
Special assistance benefits	197	98
Power subsidies	42	74
Parliamentary pension beneficiary payments	246	276
Student grants	284	154
Total Welfare and Grants	12,305	12,268
Note 7: Depreciation and Amortisation	n	
Depreciation on infrastructure assets	4,901	5,300
Depreciation on plant, property, and equipment	7,100	4,987
Amortisation on intangible assets	44	31
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	12,045	10,318
Total Depreciation and Amortisation Note 8: Finance Costs	12,045	10,318
Note 8: Finance Costs Interest expenses on foreign-sourced loans	12,045 873	10,318
Note 8: Finance Costs		



3,431

3,459

Total Finance Costs

As at 30 June 2011

•		
	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000
Note 9: Other Expenses		
Private school funding	1,620	1,620
Air New Zealand Underwrite	4,486	1,912
Fuel and oil	12,456	11,751
Communications	869	1,046
Repairs and maintenance	6,635	5,093
Office supplies and consumables	1,097	1,140
Professional services	1,119	1,103
Travel	1,528	1,701
Advertising and marketing	2,728	3,276
Insurance	1,011	1,093
Medical and hospital expenses	602	1,944
Cyclone Recovery	918	2,171
Outer Island Tourism Marketing	2,000	´ -
International Subscriptions	458	423
Other expenses	23,672	18,716
Total Other Expenses	61,199	52,989



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 10.	Aid (Development Partner)		
		\$000	\$000
		2011	2010

Note 10: Aid (Development Partner) **Funded Activities**

Aid (Development Partner) Contributions

Total Aid Expenses	29,191	16,424
Other Aid Expenses	8,894	4,738
Education Development	1,955	1,571
Health development	1,247	1,829
Outer Islands development	6,289	1,804
Human Resource development	6,354	4,331
Private sector development	-	_
Public sector reform	4,452	2,151
Aid (Development Partner) Expenses		
Zome Zonol Ald Continuetons	31,3/6	18,722
Total Donor Aid Contributions	31,578	19 722
Other Aid Assistance	5,293	2,800
United Nations Aid Assistance	1,141	1,425
European Union Assistance	317	97
New Zealand Aid	24,827	14,400

Funds received from various development partners are treated as trustee liabilities until expended on approved projects at which stage the funding is included within the Statement of Financial Performance as Crown income.

Development partner funded expenditure of a capital nature is accounted for as property, plant and equipment within the Crown's Statement of Financial Position. Other expenditure funded through aid is included within the Statement of Financial Performance. In many cases, the various development partners expend the aid funding direct with suppliers of goods and services. The treatment of this spending within the Crown's financial statements is consistent with funding received and expended by the Crown.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	2011 \$000	2010 \$000
Note 11: Cash and Equivalents	2000	\$000
Cash		
Crown entities accounts	17,257	15,311
Crown public accounts		
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited	634	553
Westpac Banking Corporation	1,572	1,868
Taxation imprest accounts	42	226
Other Bank accounts	64	62
Total Cash	19,568	18,020
Term Deposits		
Loan repayment reserves	11,639	14,261
Crown public account term deposits	27,813	27,604
Crown entities term deposits	19,613	17,590
Total Term Deposits	59,065	59,455

The loan repayment reserves are funds which are set apart specifically to meet future loan repayment commitments.

Trust Accounts

Total Trust Accounts	14,597	8,468
Other Trust Fund	529	833
Outer Islands Development Grant Fund	119	259
General Aid accounts	6,852	2,735
Aid Accounts		
Land Trust deposits	3,482	3,251
Law Trust account	307	261
Insurance deposits account	32	31
Workers compensation account	1,166	1,057
Customs bond account	29	41
Unclaimed monies	2,082	-



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000
Note 12: Inventory		
Inventory Held of Use		
Electricity - Diesel	1,710	1,305
Infrastructure and Planning - Bitumen	1,070	481
Health - Pharmaceuticals and hospital supplies	703	666
Outer Islands - Various supplies	56	102
Education - School supplies	69	61
Other	-	82
	3,608	2,697
Inventory Held for Sale		
Electricity - Trading Stock	2,901	1,738
Numismatic - Coin Stocks	243	122
Cultural Development - Books and tapes	29	22
Pearls	338	-
Parliamentary Services - Legislation materials	9	11
Total held for sale	3,520	1,893
Provision for Obsolete Stock	(195)	(195)
Total Inventory	6,933	4,395

Not included in Inventory is numismatic stock comprising of collectors coins and notes no longer in circulation. The notes (\$50, \$20, \$10 and \$3) were expensed in prior years when they were produced and the sample collectors coins were received from various minting companies in return for them using the 'Government of the Cook Islands' name on these coins. Whilst the collectors coins and notes have a face value, they have no value to the Crown as the notes are no longer in circulation and the coins are not held for resale.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Total Debtors and Receivables	28,230	20,208
Provision for doubtful debts	(2,769)	(11,479)
	30,998	31,686
Dividends receivable	940	1,200
Accrued revenue	144	283
Interest receivable	481	346
Prepayments	1,052	784
Accounts receivable	10,791	8,750
Taxes receivable	17,590	20,324
Note 13: Debtors and Receivables		
	\$000	\$000
	2011	2010

Prepayments in 2011 were mostly made up of \$508,340 welfare prepayments.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

2011	2010
\$000	\$000

Note 14: Investments in Shares and Associates

Total Investments in Shares & Associate	4,882	4,917
Total Share of Net Assets of Associate	4,719	4,702
Dividends from Associate	(1,367)	(1,548)
Equity accounted earnings of Associate	1,384	1,544
Carrying amount at beginning of year	4,702	4,706
Share of Net Assets of Associate		
Total Investments in Shares	163	215
Pacific Forum Line Limited	26	78_
Asian Development Bank	137	137
Investment in Shares		

Associates are those entities in which the organisation has substantial shareholding and in whose commercial and financial policy decisions it participates but does not have any controlling interest.

At 30 June 2011 investments in associates comprises:	Percentage Interest	Balance Date
Telecom Cook Islands Limited	40%	30 June

Telecom Cook Islands Limited is incorporated in the Cook Islands and provides telecommunication services to the Cook Islands.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Total Banking	Portfolio Investments	30,476	28,414
		29,125	23,220
Provisio	n for bad and doubtful loans - term	(1,923)	(1,393)
Term		31,048	24,613
		1,351	5,194
Provisio	n for bad and doubtful loans - current	(89)	(312)
Current		1,440	5,506
Note 15:	Banking Portfolio Investments		
		\$000	\$000
		2011	2010
		2011	2010

The loans portfolio primarily comprises of housing, pearl, tourism and business development loans.

Housing loans attract interest rates in the range of 5.00% - 16.50% (2010: 5.00% - 16.50%) whereas 7.00% - 16.50% (2010: 7.00% - 16.50%) applies to developmental (including business) loans

Interest rates in the range of 9.50% - 16.50% (2010: 9.50% - 16.50%) are applicable on consumer loans.

Also included within the bank portfolio investments are loans to directors and staff of the Bank of the Cook Islands of \$2,355,000 (2010: \$2,355,000).

The interest rates on these balances are in the range of 8.75% - 9.75%.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 16a: Property, Plant, and Equipment 2011

Category	Opening Cost	Additions Disposals	Disposals	Other	Closing Cost	Opening Accum Depn	Depn	Accum Depn on Disposals	Other	Closing Accum Depn	Net Book Value
Office and computer equipment	5,515	338	119	•	5,734	4.279	708	777		4910	824
Furniture and fittings	3,200	212	498	,	2914	1.694	188	3		1 879	1 035
Motor vehicles	10,323	192	617		10.473	7.151	940	433	,	7,0,1	2815
Plant and equipment	40,817	1,387	3,603		38,603	16.293	1.908	1.573	,	80991	21012
Buildings and improvements	80,449	895	938		80.406		3 100	440	•	20,028	751.05
Land	12,585		•		12,585		14	2	•	50,77	105,50
Work in progress	20,359	690'6	7.343		22.084	48	241	(272)		195	21 522
										2	7777
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	173,248	12,668	13,117	•	172,798	47,799	7,100	2,254	,	52.643	120,154

Note 16b: Property, Plant, and Equipment 2010 Restated

Category	Opening Cost	Additions Disposals	Disposals	Other	Closing Cost	Opening Accum Depn	Depn	Accum Depn on Disposals	Other	Closing Accum Depn	Net Book Value
Office and computer equipment	5,626	354	174	(291)	5,515	4,186	409	144	(172)	4279	1.236
Furniture and fittings	2,978	237	8	(8)	3,200	119,1	153	39	(32)	1.694	1.506
Motor vehicles	9,721	903	217	(85)	10,323	6,959	559	188	(178)	7,151	3.172
Plant and equipment	34,426	5,574	790	1,084	40,817	14,824	1,988	1,722	1,203	16.293	24.523
Buildings and improvements	63,942	17,206	164	(534)	80,449	16,398	1,872	*	61	18,289	62,161
Land	12,219	366	1	•	12,585	185	-	137	(2)	45	12.540
Work in progress	27,166	6.985	14,758	596	20,359	•	9	2	45	48	20,311
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	156,078	31,624	15.587	1.131	173.247	44,163	4,987	2,232	883	47,798	125,448

Completeness and Valuation of Assets – The list of fixed assets may not be a complete presentation of assets falling under the ownership of the Crown. In addition, some assets have been recorded at nil value due to the absence of adequate and reliable information. The description "other" in notes 16–18 in the 2010 comparatives is made up of various corrections of prior period errors. These are nil as at 30 June 2011 as these prior period errors have been adjusted retrospectively.

For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 17a: Intangible Assets 2011

Category	Opening Cost	Additions	Opening Additions Disposals	Other	Closing Cost	Opening Accum Amort	Amortisation	Accum Amort on Disposals	Other	Closing Accum Amortisation	Net Book Value
Purchased software	130	4		•	134	52	29			81	55
Developed software	234	•	,	•	234	207	15	(7)	-	229	5
Total Intangible Assets 364	364	4	-	•	368	259	77	(7)	•	310	- 65

Note 17b: Intangible Assets 2010 Restated

Category	Opening Cost	Additions	Opening Additions Disposals	Other	Closing Cost	Opening Accum Amort	,	Amortisation Accum Amort on Disposals	Other	Closing Accum Amortisation	Net Book Value
Purchased software	83	47	1	•	130	39	20	1	(7)	51	79
Developed software	216	,	•	18	234	961	11	B	1	207	27
Total Intangible Assets	299	47	1	18	364	235	31	ŕ	(7)	259	106

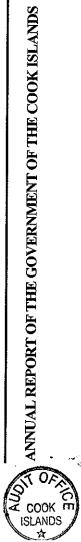
For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 18a: Infrastructure Assets 2011

	Opening				1,50			Accum		Closing	
Category	Cost	Additions	Additions Disposals	Other	Cost	Accum Depn	Depu	Depn on Disposals	Other	Accum	Net Book Value
Roading	18,272	1,889	647	,	19,514	11,890	1,173	205	1	12.858	9599
Power network	11,404	619	2,637	ı	9,386	99	1,420	006	,	585	8.801
Harbours and ports	8,645	09	2,422	1	6,284	1,967	317	1.809	-	475	5.808
Airports	46,393	-	24	t	46,368	6,641	1,137	24	Ī	7.754	38.614
Coastal protection	929	-	,	-	929	436	37		1	473	455
Water	13,015	455	1		13,469	10.271	543	(36)		058.01	2618
Waste management	5,484	-	1		5,484	1.584	274			1.858	3635
Work in progress	597	4,791	1	ı	5,388	26	1	•	ŀ	26	5.362
Total Infrastructure Assets	104,737	7,815	5,731	•	106,821	32,882	4,901	2,902	•	34,882	71,939

Note 18b: Infrastructure Assets 2010 Restated

Category	Opening Cost	Additions Disposals	Disposals	Other	Closing Cost	Opening Accum Depn	Depn	Accum Depn on Disposals	Other	Closing Accum Denreciation	Net Book Value
Roading	16,770	1,877	,	(375)	18,272	10,625	1,313	,	(48)	11.890	6.382
Power network	9,249	2,402	861	(20)	11,404	1,008	1,587	2,414	(115)	99	11,338
Harbours and ports	8,607	18	3	23	8,645	1,512	439	9	22	1,967	8/9'9
Airports	46,376	17	-	1	46,393	5,498	1,142	1		6,641	39,752
Coastal protection	626	_		1	926	399	37	•	t	436	493
Water	10,405	2,767	-	(157)	13,015	9,775	208		(12)	10,271	2,743
Waste management	5,484	•	ŧ	1	5,484	1,310	274	•	1	1,584	3,899
Work in progress	1,769	96	1,371	102	597	8	ı	8	26	26	571
Total Infrastructure Assets	685'66	7,178	1,571	(457)	104,738	30,135	5,300	2,427	(127)	32,881	71,857



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 19: Related Parties

Related party relationships are a normal feature of commerce. Therefore, the Government will transact with related parties as a matter of course.

Related parties of the Government include:

- Ministries of the Crown, who are key management personnel because they have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Government, directly or indirectly;
- Ministers' spouses, children and dependants who are close family members of key management personnel; and
- Private sector entities owned or jointly controlled by Ministers, their spouses, children and dependants.

The key management personnel are members of the senior management group. Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Government, directly and indirectly. Key management personnel in Government are the Cabinet Ministers.

The aggregate remuneration of members of the senior management group and the number of individuals determined on a full time equivalent basis receiving remuneration within this category are:

	2011 \$000	2010 \$000
Aggregate remuneration	540	540
Number of persons	6	6

Given the breadth of Government activities these related parties transact with the government sector in the same capacity as ordinary citizens. Such transactions include the payment of taxes and user chargers (such as purchase of electricity) and the receipt of entitlements and services (such as access to education). These transactions have not been separately disclosed in this note.

Other transactions with these related parties can include the employment of Minister's spouses, children and dependants by a Government entity, including ministerial offices, departments, Crown entities and state owned enterprises, receipts of grants from or the purchase or sale of goods and services to a Government entity by Ministers, their spouses, children and dependants, or private sector entities they own or jointly control. These transactions have not been separately disclosed in this note, unless they have taken place within a Minister's portfolio.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000
Note 20: Creditors and Other Payables		
Accounts Payable Accrued from Current Year		
Creditors, accruals and provisions	16,053	10,918
Payroll accruals	1,263	1,169
Interest accrued	78	69
Taxation refunds payable	574	540
Total Accounts Payable Accrued from Current Year	17,968	12,696
Accounts Payable Accrued prior to 1 July 1996		
Creditors, accruals and provisions	96_	133
	96	133
Total Creditors, Accruals and Provisions	18,065	12,829

The accounts payable balances are categorised separately between those relating to periods prior to 1 July 1996 and those of a current nature. In 1996 the Government went through a serious cash flow crisis and was unable to satisfy many of its ongoing commitments to suppliers.

Note 21: Employee Entitlements

Total Employee Entitlements	1,660	1,608
Total Non-Current Employee Entitlements	159	88
Provision for long service bonus	159	88
Non-Current		
Total Current Employee Entitlements	1,501	1,520
Provision for long service bonus	278	475
Provision for sick leave	150	168
Provision for annual leave	1,072	877

Under the previous Public Services Act, sick leave entitlements for Government employees could accumulate from year to year. This legislation was repealed in 1996. Therefore the provision for sick leave includes only those entitlements accruing up to that date which have not been paid to employees at 30 June 2011. This liability will be paid to employees when they leave Government service.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

29 32 2,803	41 31 900
29	41
30	30
50	50
307	261
1,166	1,057
186	327
2,823	3,251
7,908	3,216
\$000	\$000
2011	2010
	\$000 7,908 2,823 186 1,166

Land Trust Deposits Liability

The Justice Land Trust is made up of \$2,207,465 (2010: \$2,002,892) held at the Ministry of Justice banked at the Bank of the Cook Islands for the administration of a Land Trust Account where payments are received from lessees and are paid to the land owners. The balance of \$615,357 (2010: \$1,247,994) is held by the Crown.

Outer Islands Development Grant Fund (OIDGF)

This fund has been set up from the repayment of incorrectly spent aid and an equal contribution from NZ Aid. The fund is administered by the Aid Management Division of MFEM and grants are made to Outer Islands projects that are approved by Cabinet on recommendations of the OIDGF board.

Workers Compensation

The workers compensation liability is an accumulation of all historical levies received from employers less compensation payments to employees for accident or death under the Cook Islands Workers Compensation Ordinance 1964.

Law Trust Liability

This is reparation funds paid as ordered by the court and is held until the case is heard in court and a court ruling is delivered.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Immigration Deposits

These are bonds paid by foreign employees or employers of foreign employees as a security for these foreign workers. If any problem arises with regards to these workers, this money can be used to pay for outward travel arrangement for the employees. The amount is calculated and is equivalent to a one way outward travel ticket to the employees country of origin at the time of the deposit.

Other Trust Fund

Other trust fund of \$2,803,082 (2010: \$900,835) is funding received which has not been spent at 30 June 2011 on approved projects and are held within the Crown (or other Crown agency) trust bank account. This is made up of unspent funding from aid donors of \$1,513(2010: \$1,663) for EU funding \$67,141 (2010: \$66,691) for the fertiliser rolling fund and \$633,903 (2010: \$832,481) on other and \$2,100,525 (2010: \$0) for International Unclaimed monies.

Customs Bond

Deposits held as a bond on imported equipment that is imported for a project and that will be returned after the project is completed, a refund is paid out once the equipment is returned.

For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Total Banking	Customer Deposits	24,434	23,716
	Term: One to two years	3,967	1,193
	Current	20,467	22,523
Note 23:	Banking Customer Deposits		
		\$000	\$000
		2011	2010

Customer deposits yield interest rates between 2.5% and 7.5% (2010: 1% and 5%), and are unsecured.

Note 24: Members of Parliament Pension Liability

The Cook Islands Government Superannuation Scheme of Members of Parliament provided under the Legislative Assembly Members' Superannuation Act 1976 was most recently assessed in October 2012 by Melville Jessup Weaver Limited, a firm of actuaries from New Zealand, as at 30 June 2010. This resulted in a revaluation of the liability by \$0.43 million, reducing it from \$2.03 million to \$1.60 million. The liability relates to past and current contributions made by members and employers contributions.

There was a substantial change in the superannuation benefits payable to Members and former Members of Parliament (MPs) by the passing of new legislation in 2003, the Members of Parliament Superannuation Act 2003. All eligible current MPs were transferred to the Cook Islands National Superannuation Scheme and agreement was reached for a defines list of former MPs (retirees) and MPs widows to receive a pension from Government.

This list of former MPs and MPs' widows, which currently comprises 21 retirees (2010: 21), will each receive a pension for the rest of their lives. This pension was received by the 2003 legislation and is a maximum of \$10,000 per annum.

There are no specific assets to match the superannuation benefit liability. The liability is funded from the Crown's general monetary assets.

Current Year Activity

The following figures show the activity of the superannuation scheme and these are included within the Crown's Statement of Financial Performance:

2,0	2.0
276	276
\$000	2010 \$000



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 25: Provision for Legal Settlement

Apex Agencies Limited (TOA Petroleum)

In the 2008-09 financial year, Government proposed to restructure the Cook Islands fuel market by purchasing a fuel farm and outsourcing its management, The proposal would result in the bulk purchase of fuel for the Cook Islands by one entity (Government) which would then be available to retailers. The motivation for this was to reduce the cost of fuel to the consumers.

As a result of this proposal, Triad Pacific Petroleum Limited (Triad) took legal action to halt the proceedings of the purchase. Government withdrew from the agreement to purchase and as a result of not fulfilling the purchase agreement, a settlement was negotiated to avoid litigation. This was finalised as a \$1.75 million payout from the Crown to TOA and also an undertaking that the Crown will provide revenue to TOA to enable them to make an annual Earnings Before Income Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) profit of \$1.2 million for the following 8 years.

The settlement payment of \$1.75 million was paid in the 2009-10 financial year and the beginning of the EBITDA support was appropriated in that same financial year. A provision has been recorded for the 2010-11 financial year.

Provision for Toa settlement	2011	2010
	\$000	\$000
At 1 July	5,472	6,235
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	-
Arising during the year	2,787	803
Utilised	(1,550)	(2,501)
Unused amounts reversed	- · ·	-
Unwinding & discount rate adjustment	821	935
At 30 June	7,530	5,472
Current	1,271	1,065
Non-current	6,259	4,407
	7,530	5,472

The crown has recognised a provision for the Apex Agencies Limited (TOA Petroleum) EBITDA guarantee to the value of \$7,530,326 (2010: \$5,472,717). This reflects the present value of future obligations according to 3 years of subsequent knowledge that we have of actual EBITDA results and a discount rate of 4 per cent. Government appropriates \$1.5 million p.a. and actual cash flows to the date of the signing of these financial statements have either met or fallen short of these appropriations.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 26: Statement of Specific Fiscal Risks (Foreign Currencies)

The principles of responsible fiscal management as detailed in Part III, Section 23 of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Management (MFEM) Act 1995-96 are to:

- a) managing total Crown debt at prudent levels so as to provide a buffer against factors that may impact adversely on the level of total Crown debt in the nature, by ensuring that, unless such levels have been achieved, the total operating expenses of the Crown in each financial year are less than its total operating revenues in the same financial year; and
- b) achieving and maintaining levels of Crown net worth that provide a buffer against factors that may impact adversely on the Crown's net worth in the future; and
- c) managing prudently the fiscal risks facing the Crown; and
- d) pursuing policies that are consistent with a reasonable degree of predictability about the level and stability of tax rates for future years.

Government holds loan reserves which have been built up from the repayment of monies on lent to Stated Owned Enterprises (SOEs). In the 2011 financial year, a nil balance on loan reserve existed (2010: \$1.1 million) as all the repayment was made on loans that were on-lent to SOEs.

	30 June 2011	30 June 2010
Euros *	0.5717	0.5685
United States dollars *	0.8275	0.6929
Chinese Yuan *	5.3485	4.7102

^{*} Exchange rate obtained from the Reserve Bank of New Zealand as at 30 June.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 27: Subsequent Events

Cook Islands Consulate - Symonds Street, Auckland

Cabinet decided in 2011 that the Cook Islands Consulate should be relocated to South Auckland given the proximity of that location to Auckland International Airport and the fact that a significant proportion of people of Cook Islands descent in New Zealand live in South Auckland. Arising from that decision, the property and building which has housed the Consulate in Symonds Street, Newton, Auckland was placed on the open market for sale in July last year. An offer by the Peterken Family Trust to purchase the property for \$1,610,000 was accepted in April 2012 and negotiations for the finalisation of the sale was completed in June 2012. Government purchased the property in 1994 for \$976,000. As part of the conditions for the sale of the property, the Consulate will continue to occupy the top floor of the property rent-free until 30 June 2013.

Suspension of Long Service Bonus Policy

In 2012 cabinet directed to suspend the Long Service Bonus policy and establish an alternative provision. As a result of this directive all Long Service Bonuses were removed from all agency budget baselines in 2012/13. Budget policy directives required that in the absence of the Long Service Bonus policy, ministries be provided with an alternative, namely replacing cash payments with additional leave entitlement based on performance. No such provision has been confirmed to date.

Currency Conversion for ADB Loans of the Cook Islands - USD to NZD

In August 2012, the Government of the Cook Islands requested the Asian Development Bank (ADB) to convert all its ordinary capital resources sovereign loans from US dollars to NZ dollars. The Government of New Zealand approved the currency swap involving exchange of ADB's non-NZ dollar borrowings to NZ dollars. The sovereign loans proposed to undergo currency conversion are L2472: Avatiu Port Development Project; L2739: Avatiu Port Development Project (Supplementary Loan) and L2565: Economic Recovery Support Program 1. Additionally the request sought the currency conversion be based on the NZ dollar rate.

Water and Sanitation Improvement Programme

The Cook Islands Government in partnership with New Zealand and the People's Republic of China entered into agreement in August 2012 through blended finance (loans and grants) to implement the improvement of the water, sanitation and waste management. The Te Mato Vai programme totalling \$82,414,000 allocated as \$16,690,000 to waste and sanitation improvement, \$62,399,000 to water and \$3,325,000 to roading is to achieve long-term protection of public health, the environment and the economy of the Cook Islands.



For the Year Ended 30 June 2011

Note 27: Subsequent Events (continued)

Cook Islands Infrastructure Valuation

The second phase of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) funded project- TA 7287-COO improving the delivery of Infrastructure services focussed on asset management with particular emphasis on the preparation of initial asset management plans and basic valuations. Basic asset registers have been created for the purpose of carrying out valuations and providing information for asset management plans. AECOM (NZ) Ltd carried out an independent revaluation of infrastructural assets for the Cook Island Investment Corporation (CIIC) and the Ministry of Infrastructure and Planning (MOIP). This includes buildings, roading, water, waste water and landfill and sanitation on Rarotonga only. The valuations are effective as at 31 December 2012.